Ocean Acidification across bivalve lifehistory stages: Relevant outcomes for the OR shellfish industry

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The U.S. West Coast Shellfish Industry's Perception of and Response to Ocean Acidification

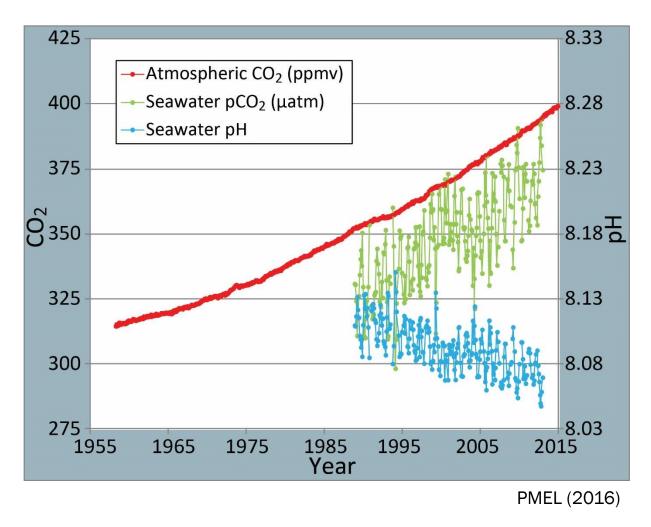
Understanding an ocean stakeholder

B. Mabardy, F.D.L. Conway, G.G. Waldbusser, C.S. Olsen

- Over 80% of Industry consider OA has consequences for people today, compared to 20% of US public
- Over half of industry experiencing OA, and a third not sure.
- Roughly 5/6 respondents believed either they could adapt (60%) or weren't sure
- 90% of Industry though University partnerships were useful and a high priority to adapt to OA



Ocean Acidification (OA) in a nutshell



- As CO2 in the atmosphere increases, roughly between 20%-30% is absorbed by the ocean.
- The increase of dissolved CO2 results in decreased pH and saturation state (Omega)
- Saturation state is a measure of how corrosive the water is for calcium carbonate (shells)

OA at local/regional spatial scales

Oregon is an OA hotspot

Natural processes like upwelling and photosynthesis/respiration exacerbate OA by further increasing dissolved CO_2 . OA happening at a faster rate than in open ocean

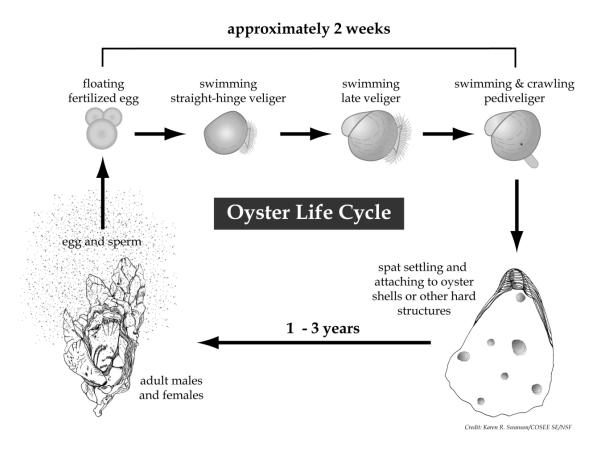
The carbonate chemistry in coastal OR is highly variable but a shifting baseline of dissolved CO_2 results in:

- Extreme negative events are more frequent, more intense and longer in duration
- Windows of "good" conditions become shorter and less frequent.

What does it mean for shellfish?

- ~80% of bivalves studied show negative responses to increasing dissolved CO₂
- Windows of vulnerability across and within life-stages

General Bivalve Life History and Sensitivity Bottlenecks



- Life cycle of bivalves is complex
- Differential sensitivity to OA among and within life-stages leads to Sensitivity Bottlenecks
- Various research projects designed to study and address different bottlenecks

More Resources:

- Ocean Acidification- Changing waters on the Oregon Coast (OSU) : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7h08ok3hFSs</u>
- NOAA Pacific Marine Environment Laboratory (PMEL) Carbon Program : <u>http://www.pmel.noaa.gov/co2/story/Ocean+Acidification</u>

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